“A tenant has the right to live in a home that is in reasonable repair, fit for use as a proper home, meets local housing codes, and is reasonably energy efficient.”

~ 2020 Minn. Stat. § 504B.161 Covenants of Landlord or Licensor

Navigating Lead as a Safety Concern in Your Home

• It is required that tenants are notified if there is lead in a house in the leasing agreement (Federal Landlord Lead Disclosure Law: Section 1018 of Title X)
• It is the legal responsibility of landlords to perform lead hazard reduction (abatement or removal), the tenant is not liable (2020 Minn. Stat. § 144.9504)
• The EPA’s Lead Renovation, Repair and Painting Rule (RRP) requires all firms, renovators, and contractors performing RRP projects that disturb lead-based paint in homes, childcare facilities, and pre-schools built before 1978 be lead-safety certified by the EPA. Failure of a firm, renovator, or contractor to comply could result in fines of up to $37,500. This does not apply to homeowners or renters, however, anyone doing renovation that may disturb lead-based paint should consult the EPA’s “Renovation, Repair and Painting Program: Do-It-Yourselfers” webpage for the latest lead-safety practices.
• Houses built before 1980 are likely to have a layer of lead paint
• In these houses, lead paint is a health risk (even if painted over) when it is on “friction surfaces” such as windows, window sashes, doors, or door frames.
Navigating Asbestos as a Safety Concern in Your Home

Note: Where properly encased and untouched, asbestos does not pose a risk to renters' health

• It is required that tenants are notified if there is asbestos in a house in the leasing agreement (2020 Minn. Stat. § 504B.195)
• Looks like a white cast cover wrapped around heating pipes (often found in the basement)
• Wrapped around old gravity-fed boilers
• Asbestos shingles
• Textured paints (such as popcorn ceilings or ceiling tiles)
• Complete list of asbestos-containing materials

General Repair Resources:

Law Help MN General Tenant Repair Checklist

Repairs and Maintenance Law

SCARY THINGS CHECKLIST*

Asbestos, Lead, Radon, Carbon Monoxide, and Pests

• Radon detector in the basement
• Carbon monoxide detector
• Check smoke detector batteries
• Visible mold is treated
• Lead paint on walls and baseboards is painted over (encapsulated)
• Peeling or chipping lead paint is completely removed (abated) BEFORE residents move into rental space and using the proper EPA lead-safety protocol
• Lead paint is also completely removed (abated) from “friction surfaces” such as windows, window sashes, doors, door frames, and other surfaces that are regularly rubbed against. Old windows can be stripped and reglazed without using noxious chemicals.
  • Local custom window inserts: A-Craft
Environmentally friendly stripping gel: Soy Gel, Citrus Strip

Ensure that all contractors performing RRP projects that may disturb lead-based paint are lead-safety certified by the EPA.

Old gravity-fed boilers and basement piping with asbestos insulation is completely encapsulated (not flaking or peeling). If not, consider a Zero VOC Encapsulant to repair.

Asbestos insulation that is in high-traffic areas (likely to be bumped by residents or repair people) is completely removed (abated) before residents move into the house.

Your home is pest free (check for mouse droppings, skittering noises, bed bugs, and termites). pet-safe live mouse trap

For environmentally friendly pest control companies, check to see whether the company participates in the EPA’s Pesticide Environmental Stewardship Program (PESP) as well as the National Pest Management Association’s GreenPro certification process.

* If you find that any of these issues is not up to MN housing code, you have a right and responsibility to alert your landlord to this issue and be responded to in a timely manner.

After alerting your landlord, many landlords will be happy to pay back tenants for hiring and scheduling their own contractor repair services, or if it is a low-risk job, to deduct expenses you accrue from fixing the issue yourself from your rent.

Under Minnesota law, if a landlord has not done repairs 14 days after receiving a written request from tenants (printed and time-stamped texts or emails are also legally legitimate), then tenants have the right to “Repair and Deduct” (Tenant Repair Act) the costs of repair from rent. Other legal options include filing a Rent Escrow Action (2020 Minn. Stat. § 504B.385) or act as a collective Neighborhood Organization (2020 Minn. Stat. § 504B.001 Subd. 5). This is only applicable if the repair request initially sent regards one of the landlord’s legal responsibilities/covenants to tenants (find in More Legal Resources section). Tenants may also report negligent landlords to a local city or county housing inspector (see 2020 Minn. Stat. § 504B.185 for more details). It is the legal right of tenants to not be threatened by retaliation (such as eviction) by landlords they have reported for housing code violations.

More Legal Resources

Multifamily Rental Housing Design/Construction Standards

Housing Code Law/Landlord Responsibilities:
Minnesota Habitability Laws

The Office of MN Attorney General Keith Ellison Landlords and Tenants: Rights and Responsibilities Handbook

General Law: MN Residential Rental Property Law Index


Rental Property Accessibility Law

  Accessible Units, Rental Priority: 2020 Minn. Stat. § 363A.40

  Caretakers, Disclosure: 2020 Minn. Stat. § 504B.181


  Municipal Accessible Housing Programs: 2020 Minn. Stat. § 462C.05


  Accessible Visitability: 2020 Minn. Stat. § 462A.34

Energy Efficiency and Weatherization Code Law

  Energy Conservation Covenants of Landlord or Licensor: 2020 Minn. Stat. § 504B.161


  Building Repair Orders, Noncompliance, Landlords, Penalties: 2020 Minn. Stat. § 504B.391

  Cold Weather Notice (failure to give): 2020 Minn. Stat. § 504B.155

  Weatherization: 2020 Minn. Stat. § 216C.264
